

Spelling







Why should we focus on Spelling?

- Poor spelling creates a bad impression on the reader it's one of the first things that is noticed
- Examiners, teachers, perspective employers often place a lot of weight on spelling
- Anxiety about spelling inhibits a child's writing; especially their choice of vocabulary
- Even in today's extensive use of technology word processors and spell checkers - there are times when we still need to write.
- We need to instil a love of writing into our children.

How do children improve and develop their Spelling?

- Develop an interest in words
- Feel safe about trying new words not just words that they're sure about
- Learn about the ways words are built up using syllables
- Know about the basic spelling patterns of English
- Have a range of strategies to memorise words
- Understand root words, prefixes and suffixes
- Write for their own enjoyment, without fear of being criticised
- Read for pleasure

Expectations at Kingswood Primary Academy

- Spellings should be taught explicitly and separately to the Literacy lesson, with a key focus. This should be identified in each year group's weekly plan. In KS2, this will take place through daily 10 mins sessions. In KS1, CTs will allocate 20 mins / week to teach spellings.
- Spellings should be highlighted / exemplified in every Literacy lesson through a shared text, warm-up activities, modelling, children's misconceptions, mini plenaries, etc
- When teaching spelling rules, use words provided in this book as well as other words - generated by CT and / or the pupils
- To support the constant learning of and referring to spellings, Literacy
 Working Walls should have a section displaying the current week's focus
- 2014 Curriculum target words, for Years 3 6, should be practiced with the children on a regular basis. Opportunities for this should be highlighted / exemplified in cross-curricular activities / topic work
- Phonics planning should be evident for ALL children who attend RWI this is monitored through Learning Walks
- The teaching of Spelling should be recorded in Literacy books for KS1 and Spelling books in KS2
- Spelling sessions will require differentiation to keep it practical, have two groups - led by the CT and the TA. SEN pupils will most likely need additional teaching through afternoon intervention (IEP) work.
- Children in KS2 should complete half termly assessments, based on the rules covered in Spelling sessions
- Monitoring of Spelling will be done through book scrutinies and learning walks on a termly basis

Overview Of Of Learning Objectives

Year 1:
(Reception to include these words in planning for pupils who are able)

Date	Focus	Example words (Non-Statutory)
08.09.14	'ai', 'oi' digraphs	rain, wait, train, paid, afraid
		oil, join, coin, point, soil
15.09.14	'ay', 'oy' digraphs	day, play, say, way, stay
		boy, toy, enjoy, annoy
22.09.14	'a-e' split grapheme	made, came, same, take, safe
29.09.14	'e-e' " "	these, theme, complete
06.10.14	'i-e' " "	five, ride, like, time, side
13.10.14	'o-e' " "	home, those, woke, hole, hope
20.10.14	'u-e' " "	June, rule, rude, use, tube, tune
03.11.14	'ar' digraph	car, start, park, arm, garden
10.11.14	'ee' "	see, tree, green, meet, week
17.11.14	'ea' "	sea, dream, tea, meat, each, weak,
		read (present tense)
24.11.14	'ea' "	head, bread, meant, instead, read
		(past tense)
01.12.14	'er' "	(stressed sound): her, term, verb,
		person
08.12.14	'er' "	(unstressed sound): better, under,
		summer, winter, sister, water
15.12.14	'ir' "	girl, bird, shirt, first, third
12.01.15	'ur' "	turn, hunt, church, burst,
		Thursday
19.01.15	'oo' "	food, pool, moon, zoo, soon
26.01.15	'oo' "	book, took, foot, wood, good
02.02.15	'oa' "	boat, moan, coat, road, coach, goal,
		toad, moat
09.02.15	'oe' "	toe, goes, foe
23.02.15	'ou' "	Out, about, mouth, around, sound
02.03.15	'ow', 'ue' digraphs	now, how, brown, cow, down, town
		blue, clue, true (oo), rescue,
		Tuesday (u-e)
09.03.15	'ow', 'ew' digraphs	own, blow, snow, grow, show, throw
		new, flew (oo), few, grew, drew,
		threw (u-e)
16.03.15	'ie' digraph	lie, tie, pie, cried, tried, dried
20.04.15	'ie' "	chief, field, thief ('i' before 'e')

27.04.15	'igh' trigraph	high, night, light, bright, sigh, right, fight
04.05.15	'or' digraph	for, short, born, horse, morning
11.05.15	'ore' trigraph	more, score, before, wore, shore
18.05.15	'aw' digraph	saw, draw, yawn, crawl, dawn
01.06.15	'au' "	August, author, dinosaur,
		astronaut
08.06.15	'air' trigraph	air, fair, pair, hair, chair
15.06.15	'ear' "	dear, hear, beard, near, year, tear
22.06.15	'ear' "	bear, tear, pear, wear
29.06.15	'are' "	care, stare, bare, flare, share,
		scared, dare
06.07.15		
13.07.15		

Year 2:

(Year 1 to include these words in planning for average to more able pupils as some of these words are from the Year 1 statutory requirement)

Date	Focus	Example words (Non-Statutory)
08.09.14	Common exception words These words should be permanently on display for pupils to refer to.	the, a, do, today, of, said, says, are, were, was, is, his, has, I, you, your, they, be, he, me, she, we, no, go, so, by, my, here, there, where, love, come, some, one, once, ask, friend, school, put, push, full, pull, house, our - and / or others used according to RWI scheme and topic work
15.09.14	sounds /f/, /l/, /s/, /z/, and /k/, spelt <i>ff,</i> //, zz and <i>ck</i>	off, well, miss, buzz, back
22.09.14	'nk' sound	bank, think, sink, honk, sunk, thanks
29.09.14	Division of words into syllables	pocket, rabbit, carrot, thunder, sunset
06.10.14	'-tch'	catch, fetch, kitchen, notch, butcher, hutch
13.10.14	/v/ sound at the end of words	have, live, give
20.10.14	Adding 's' and 'es' to words (noun plurals and third person singular verbs)	cats, dogs, spends rocks, thanks, catches
03.11.14	Adding suffixes '_ing', '_ed', _er' to verbs where no change is needed to the root word	hunting, hunted, hunter, buzzing, buzzed, buzzer, jumping, jumped, jumper
10.11.14	Adding suffixes '_er, '_est' to adjectives where no change is needed to the root word	grander, grandest, slower, slowest, fresher, freshest, quicker, quickest
17.11.14	Words ending in '_y'	Happy, very, funny, party, family
24.11.14	New consonant spellings 'ph' and 'wh'	dolphin, elephant, alphabet, phonics, when, where, why, which, wheel, while
01.12.14	Using 'k' for the /k/ sound	Kent, sketch, kit, skin, frisky
08.12.14	Adding the prefix 'un'	unhappy, undo, unload, unfair, unlock

15.12.14	Compound words	football, ladybird, teacup, farmyard, playground, bedroom, blackberry, strawberry, blueberry
12.01.15	'ge' or 'dge' sound at the end of words and sometimes spelt elsewhere in words (before, 'e', 'i' and 'y')	age, huge, change, charge, bulge, village badge, edge, bridge, dodge, fudge gem, giant, magic, giraffe, energy, jacket, jar, jog, join, adjust
19.01.15	/s/ sound spelt 'c' before 'e', 'i' and 'y'	race, ice, cell, city, fancy
26.01.15	/n/ sound spelt 'kn' and (less often) 'gn' at the beginning of words	knock, know, knee, gnaw, gnat, gnome
02.02.15	/r/ sound spelt 'wr' at the beginning of words	write, written, wrote, wrong, wrap
09.02.15	/l/ sound spelt 'le' at the end of words	table, apple, bottle, little, middle
23.02.15	/l/ sound spelt 'el' at the end of words	camel, tunnel, squirrel, travel, towel, tinsel
02.03.15	/l/ sound spelt 'al' at the end of words	metal, pedal, capital, hospital, animal
09.03.15	Words ending in 'il'	pencil, fossil, nostril
16.03.15	Long vowel /i/ sound spelt 'y' at the end of words	cry, fly, dry, try, reply, July
20.04.15	Adding suffix 'es' to nouns and verbs ending in 'y'	flies, tries, replies, copies, babies, carries
27.04.15	Adding suffix 'ed', 'ing', 'er' and 'est' to root words ending in 'y' with a consonant before it	copied, copier, happier, happiest, cried, replied,but copying, crying, replying
04.05.15	Adding suffix 'ed', 'ing', 'er' and 'est' to root words ending in 'e' with a consonant before it	hiking, hiked, hiker, nicer, nicest, shiny
11.05.15	Adding suffix 'ed', 'ing', 'er', 'est' and 'y' to words of one syllable ending in a single consonant letter after a single vowel letter (short vowel sounds)	patting, patted, humming, hummed, dropping, dropped, sadder, saddest, fatter, fattest, runner, runny
18.05.15	'all' and 'al'	all, ball, call, walk, talk, always
01.06.15	'o' sounding like a short vowel /u/	mother, other, nothing, brother, Monday

	/i:/ sound spelt 'ey'	key, monkey, donkey, chimney, valley
08.06.15	'a' after 'w' or 'qu'	want, wander, watch, quantity, squash
	'ar' after 'w'	warm, war, towards
15.06.15	Words with 's' that don't make a /s/ or /ss/ sound	television, treasure, pleasure, usual
22.06.15	Root words where suffixes 'ment', 'ness', 'ful', 'less', and 'ly' are added without any changes with exceptions: 1. Argument	enjoyment, sadness, careful, playful, hopeless, plainness, badly
	2. Root words ending in 'y'	2. merriment, happiness, plentiful, penniless, happily
29.06.15	Contractions	can't, didn't, hasn't, couldn't, it's, I'll
	Possessive apostrophe (singular nouns)	Megan's, Ravi's the girl's, the child's, the man's
06.07.15	Root words with suffix 'tion'	station, fiction, motion, national, section
13.07.15	Homophones / near homophones	there / their / they're hear / here to / two / too quiet / quite one / won sea / see be / bee

NB: Also make Year 2 pupils understand the common exception words listed in the Appendix 1 (Spelling) of the New English Curriculum

Years 3 & 4:

There aren't enough LOs for one per week to last the whole year. Either restart mid-year through or use a fortnight for each LO.

Continue to revise (in some cases reteach) work from Years 1 & 2 (this may take up extra weeks too).

Date	Focus	Example words (Non-Statutory)
08.09.14	suffixes that begin with vowels added to polysyllabic root words	forgetting, forgotten, beginning, beginner, preferred
22.09.14	'y' elsewhere other than at the end of words making a short vowel sound	myth, gym, Egypt, pyramid, mystery
06.10.14	'ou' making a short vowel sound	young, touch, double, trouble, country
20.10.14	Prefixes 'dis', 'mis' and 'in'	disappoint, disagree, disobey misbehave, mislead, misspell inactive, incapable, incorrect
03.11.14	Prefixes 'il', 'im' and 'ir'	illegal, illegible immature, immoral, impossible, impatient, imperfect irregular, irrelevant, irresponsible
17.11.14	Prefixes 're', 'sub' and 'inter'	redo, refresh, return, reappear, redecorate subdivide, subheading, submarine, submerge interact, intercity, international, interchange, interrelated
01.12.14	Prefixes 'super', 'anti' and 'auto'	supermarket, superman, superstar, superhero antiseptic, anticlockwise, antisocial autobiography, autograph, automobile, automatic
15.12.14	Suffix 'ation'	information, adoration, admiration, sensation, preparation

12.01.15	Suffix 'ly'	sadly, completely, initially, usually, finally, comically, really
	Exceptions: 1. if the root word ends in 'y' with a consonant letter before it 2. if the root word ends in 'le' 3. if the root word ends in 'ic' 4. the words 'truly', 'duly' and 'wholly'	1. happily, angrily 2. gently, simply, humbly, nobly 3. basically, frantically, dramatically
26.01.15	Words ending 'sure' and 'ture' (these are not suffixes!)	measure, treasure, pleasure, enclosure picture, furniture, nature, adventure
09.02.15	Words ending 'sion'	Division, invasion, confusion, decision, collision, television
23.02.15	Suffix 'ous' added to root words - sometimes there is no obvious root word	poisonous, dangerous, mountainous, villainous, various, famous tremendous, enormous, jealous humorous, glamorous, vigorous courageous, outrageous serious, obvious, curious, hideous, spontaneous, courteous
09.03.15	Suffixes 'tion', 'ssion', 'sion', and 'cian'	invention, injection, action, hesitation, completion expression, confession, discussion, permission, admission expansion, extension, comprehension, tension musician, electrician, politician, mathematician
23.03.15	The /k/ sound spelt 'ch'	scheme, chorus, Christ, Christmas, chemist, chemical, echo, character
20.04.15	The /sh/ sound spelt 'ch'	chef, chalet, machine, brochure
04.05.15	The /g/ sound spelt 'gue' and the /k/ sound spelt 'que' (words that are French in origin)	league, tongue antique, unique

18.05.15	The /s/ sound spelt 'sc' (Latin	science, scene, discipline,
	in origin)	fascinate, crescent
01.06.15	Words with 'ei', 'eigh' or 'ey'	vein, weight, eight, neighbour,
		they, obey
15.06.15	Possessive apostrophe with	girls', boys', babies', children's,
	plurals	men's, Mice's
29.06.15	Revise Year 2	can't, didn't, hasn't, couldn't, it's,
	Contractions	I'//
		Megan's, Ravi's the girl's, the
	Possessive apostrophe	child's, the man's
	(singular nouns)	
	NB - singular proper nouns	
	ending in 's' - use the 's suffix	
	- EG Cyprus's, Jesus's, Chris's	
13.07.15	Homophones and near-	accept / except
	homophones	affect // effect
		ball / bawl
		etc refer to words listed in
		the Appendix 1 (Spelling) of
		the New English Curriculum

<u>Years 5 & 6:</u>

Continue to revise work from Years 3 & 4

There aren't enough LOs for one per week to last the whole year. Either restart mid-year through or use a fortnight for each LO.

Date	Focus	Example words (Non-Statutory)
08.09.14	Endings / suffixes 'cious' and	Refer to words listed in the
	'tious'	Appendix 1 (Spelling) of the
22.09.14	Endings / suffixes 'cial' & 'tial'	New English Curriculum
06.10.14	Endings / suffixes 'ant', 'ance / ancy', 'ent' and 'ence / ency'	Familiarise pupils to a wide range of powerful
20.10.14	Endings / suffixes 'able / ably'	vocabulary whilst teaching
	and 'ible / ibly'	and applying spelling rules
03.11.14	Suffixes beginning with vowel letters being added to words ending 'fer'	through daily sessions
17.11.14	Use of the hyphen	
01.12.14	The long vowel sound spelt 'ei' after the letter 'c'	
15.12.14	Letter string 'ough'	
12.01.15	Silent letters 'k', 'w', 'g', 't' and 'gh'	
26.01.15	Homophones and other words that are often confused	
09.02.15	Endings / suffixes 'cious' and 'tious'	
23.02.15	Endings / suffixes 'cial'	
09.03.15	Endings / suffixes 'ant', 'ance / ancy', 'ent' and 'ence / ency'	
23.03.15	Endings / suffixes 'able / ably' and 'ible / ibly'	

20.04.15	Suffixes beginning with vowel letters being added to words ending 'fer'	
04.05.15	Use of the hyphen	
18.05.15	The long vowel sound spelt 'ei' after the letter 'c'	
01.06.15	Letter string 'ough'	
15.06.15	Silent letters 'k', 'w', 'g', 't' and 'gh'	
29.06.15	Homophones and other words	
13.07.15	that are often confused	